Components of learning

Metaphor: Credit approval

Applicant information:

age	23 years
gender	male
annual salary	\$30,000
years in residence	1 year
years in job	1 year
current debt	\$15,000
•••	• • •

Approve credit?

Components of learning

Formalization:

- Input: **x** (customer application)
- Output: *y* (good/bad customer?)
- Target function: $f : \mathcal{X} \to \mathcal{Y}$ (ideal credit approval formula)
- Data: $(\mathbf{x}_1, y_1), (\mathbf{x}_2, y_2), \cdots, (\mathbf{x}_N, y_N)$ (historical records)

• Hypothesis: $q: \mathcal{X} \to \mathcal{Y}$ (formula to be used)



(set of candidate formulas)

Solution components

The 2 solution components of the learning problem:

- The Hypothesis Set
 - $\mathcal{H} = \{h\} \qquad g \in \mathcal{H}$
- The Learning Algorithm

Together, they are referred to as the *learning model*.





(final credit approval formula)